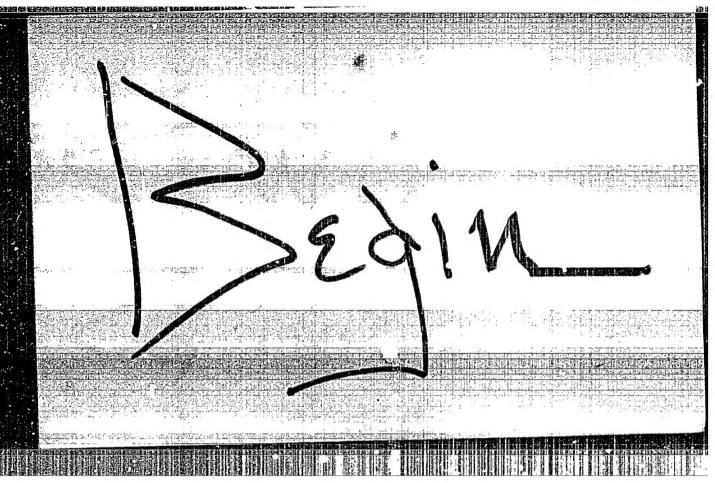
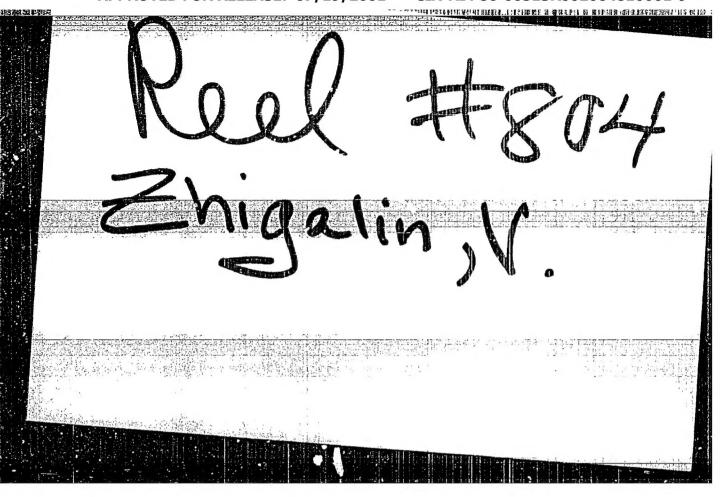
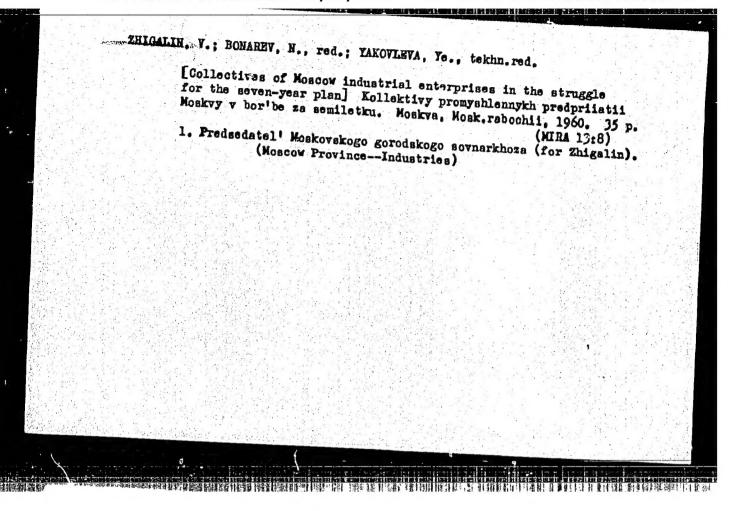
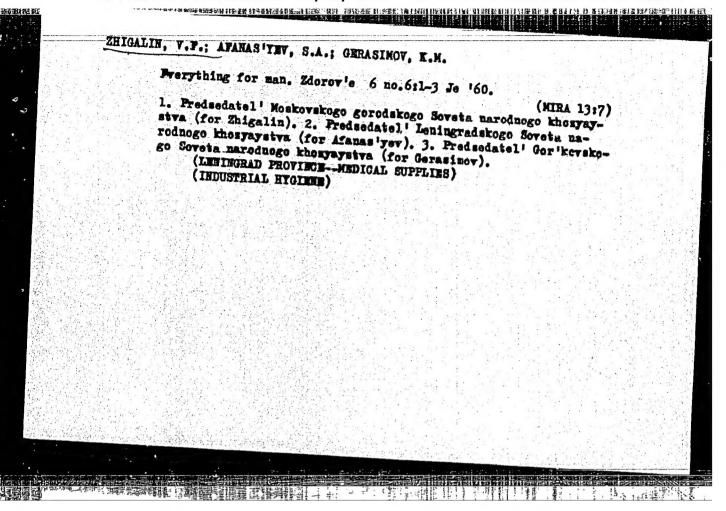
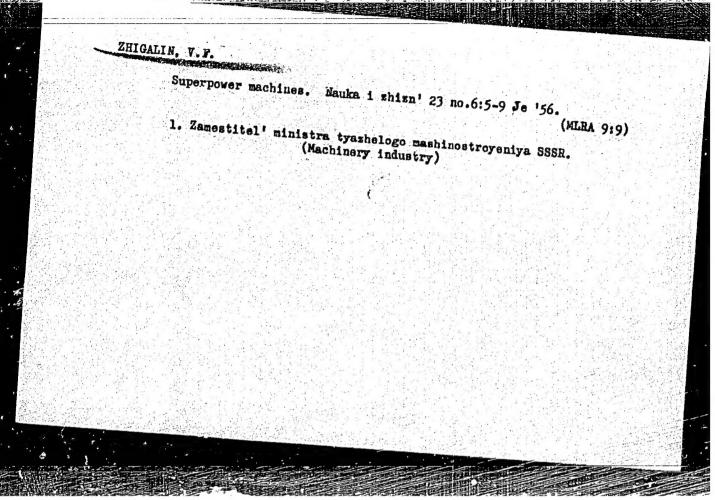
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R002064810001-9





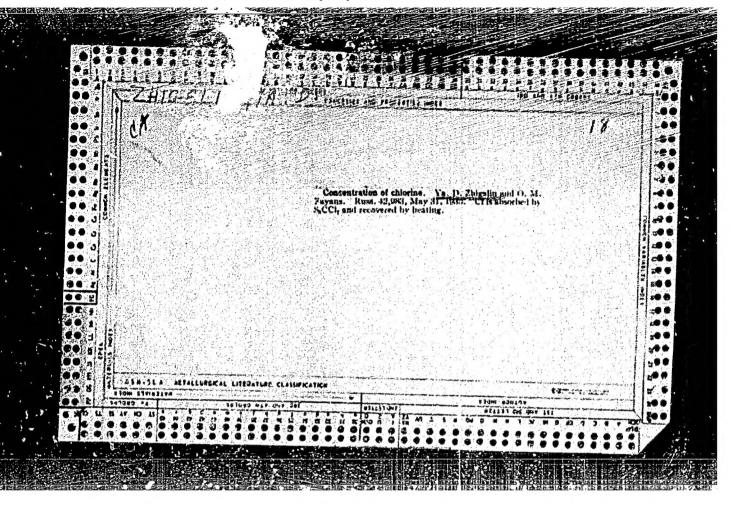


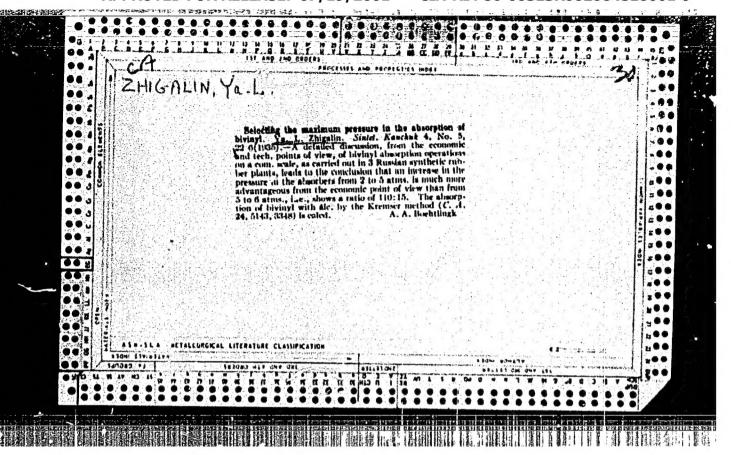


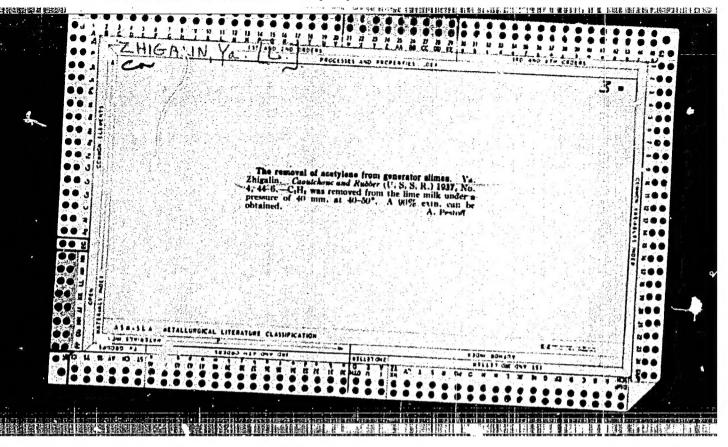


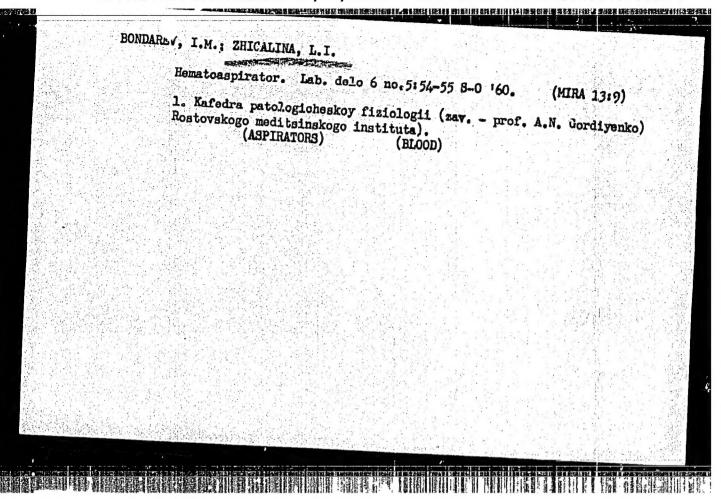
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R002064810001-9"

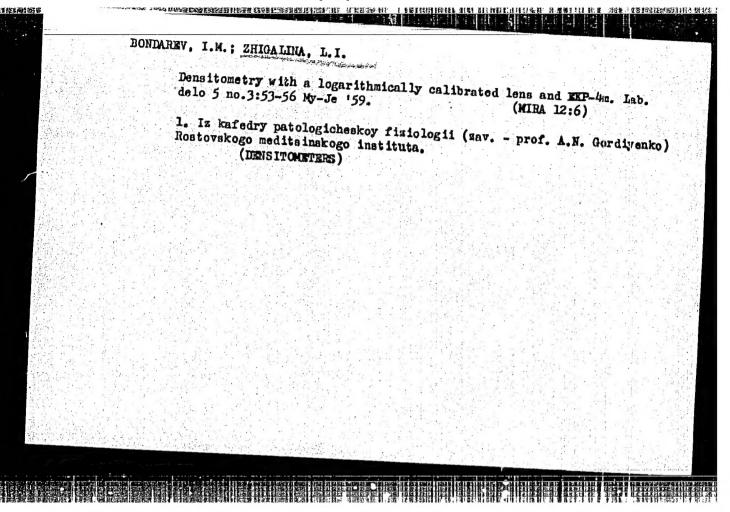
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R002064810001-9











"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R002064810001-9 大大學 (2012年) 1913年 1913年 1914年 1914年 1914年 1914年 1915年 1915年

General Problems of Pathology. Immunity.

The Property and the Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 22, 1958, 102396.

Author: Zhigalina, L. I.
Inst: Rostov Medical Institute.

Inst

Materials on the Influence of the Parasympathetic Title

Part of the Nervous System on Factors of Immunity,

Thu average in it Orig Pub: Sb. tr. Rostovsk. med. in-ta, 1957, kn.1, 139-152. solven of a track of attends

Abstract: In rabbits immunized with a culture of Bacillus coli, when the titer of antibodies began to decrease, stimulation of the vagal nerve by a teta-nic electric current of 5-7 ma was performed. The initial agglutinin titer is on the average 1:2900; after 5 min. of stimulation 1:6000; after 5 hours, 1:217 255. The titer of natural agglutinins did not change. The titer of hemolysins in correspondingly prepared rabbits is, on the average, 1:912;

Card 1/2

CIA-RDP86-00513R002064810001-9" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001

USSR/Gonoral Problems of Pathology. Immunity. : Rof Zhur - Biol., No 131 1958, No 60955 Author : Zhigalina, L. I. : Stalingrad Modical Instituto Inst. : The Effect of an Electric Stimulus of the Vagus Norvo on Titlo the Immunity Factors of Immunized Animals. : Sb. nauchn. rabot toor. i klimich. kafodr. Stalingrad. mod. Orig Pub in-ta, Stalingrad, 1956, 380-382 : Rabbits immunized with ram's crythrocytes or diphteria anaibstract toxin were subjected to stimulus of the Vagus nerve by electric current. The titer of homolysins, 4 hours after the stimulus, had increased from 1: 900 to 1:3300, and the titer of homagglutination from 1:1900 to 1:42 600. In animals

> immunized with diphtheria anatoxin, the amount of AE inoreased on the sixth day from 0.111 to 0.883. The total

Card 1/2

USSR/Gonoral Problems of Pathology. Immunity.

J-1

Abs Jour : Rof Zhur - Biol., No 13, 1958, No 60955

amount of the p roteins in the serum decreased, reaching a maximum (by 21%) on the 9th hour. Moreover, this decrease eccurred at the expense of a decrease in albumen. On the 6th hour, the number of loukecytes increased from 7700 to 16 400 in one cubic millimeter, with a marked increase in the number of loukecytes with segmented nuclei, and the phagocyte count increased from 1.24 to 3.36. The immunizing property of the serum of rabbits ineculated with typhoid culture increased. Three hours following the stimulus of the Vagus nerve, the serum in a dilution of 1:40-1:100 preserved the mice from death.

Card 2/2

a

USSR/General Problems of Pathology. Immunity.

Abs Jour

: Rof Zhur - Biol.; No 13, 1958, No 60956

huthor

: Zhigalina, L. I.

Inst

: Stalingrad Modical Instituto

Titlo

: The Effect of a Stimulation of the Vagus Norve on the Titer

of Agglutinins of Immunized Animals,

Orig Pub

: Sb. Nauchn. rabot teor. i Kafedr Stalingr. med. in-ta. Sta-

lingrad, 1956, 385-387.

ibstract

: Throo wooks following immunization, an irritation of the vagus norvo by electric current (B.N.; 5-7 ma, duration of the impulse 0,0015 seconds) for 3 to 5 hours, caused in rabbits an increase of the titer of specific agglutinins, while the titer of normal antibodies did not change, A stimulation of the peripheral stump of the Vagus nerve caused an increase of the titor of specific agglutinins, which was not observed in atropinized rabbits.

Card 1/1

CIA-RDP86-00513R002064810001-9 "APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001

USSR/General Problems of Pathology. Immunity.

U-1

Abs Jour : Rof Zhur - Biol., No 13, 1958, No 60954

Author

2 Zhigalina, L. L.

Inst

Rostov-on-tho-Don Modical Instituto State range of the same

Titlo

: The Number of Loukocytes, Their Formula and Phagocyte Indicator whon the Vagus Norvo of Immunicod Animals was Stimulated by Electric Current flows of the average of the per like

Orig Pub

: Tr. Otchetn. nauchn. konferentsii (Rostovsk.-n/D mod. in-ta) za 1966, Rostov-na-Donu, 1957, 83-84.

Abstract : The vague nerve of rabbits immunized against typhoid was stimulated by electric current. Before the experiment, the number of loukeeytes was 7781 plus/minus 484 in one cubic millimotor. After the first hour of applied stimulus, the amount of loukocytos was 10 815 plus/minus 638. At the ond of the third hour, the number of loukecytes was 17 499 plus/

Cord 1/2

GORDIYERKO, A.M., KISELEVA, V.I., SAKOV, B.A., AZHIPA, Ya.I., TSYNKALOVSKIY, R.B., LET'YEN, A.V., YEGOROV, A.I., BONDAREV, I.M., ZHIGALINA, L.I.

Further studies on the bioelectric potentials of professioning intracutaneous injection of antigens [with summary in English].

Biul.ekap.biol. i med. 45 no.4:96-99 Ap '58 (MIRA 11:5)

1. Iz kafedry patofiziologii (zav. - prof. A.N. Gordiyenko)

Rostovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (dir. - prof. Ye.M. Gubarev).

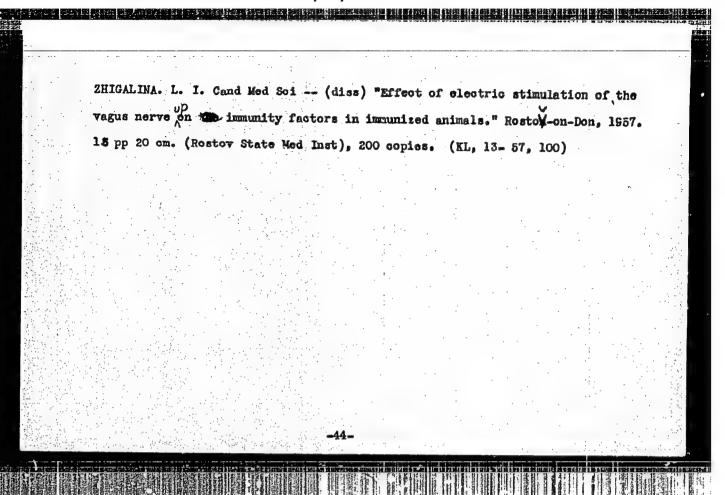
Predstavlena akademikom A.D. Speranskim.

(MERVE ENDINGS, physiology

bioelectric potentials after intracutaneous inject.

of E.coli antigen (Rus))

(ESCHERICHIA COLI,
 antigen intracutaneous inject. causing change in bioelectric potentials of receptors (Rus))



USSR/Medicine - Immunology

FD 146

Card 1/1

Author

Zhigalina, L. I.

Title -

The effect of stimulating the vagus nerve with an electric current on the titer of antibodies in immunized animals

Periodical: Zhur. mikrobiol. epid. i immun. 5, 11-13, May 1954

Abstract

: Agglutination reactions were used to determine the titer of antibodies before and after the immunization of rabbits with Bacilli coli and during and a month after stimulation of the vagus nerves of the immunized animals with an electric current. It was determined that the titer of antibodies increased as a result of electric stimulation of the vagus nerves. Preliminary injections of atropine desensitized the vagus nerves and prevented the increase. The method of stimulation is described in detail. The results are presented on 2 graphs. The similar work of

A. N. Gordenko* is mentioned, but no references are cited.

Institution:

Laboratory of the Chair of Pathological Physiology (Head--Prof

Gordenko*) of the Rostov-on-Don Medical Institute

Submitted

January, 24, 1953

GORDIYENKO, A.N.; KISELRVA, V.I.; SAAKOV, B.A.; TSYNKALOVSKIY, R.B.;
AZHIPA, Ya.I.; IET'YEN, A.V.; YEGOROV, A.I.; BONDAREV, I.M.;
ZHIGALIMA, L.I.

Reflex production of antibodies caused by antigen injection into an isolated spleen [with summary in English]. Biul.ekep.biol. i med. 43 no.4:80-82 Ap '57. (MIRA 10:10)

1. Iz kafedry patofiziologii (zav. - prof. A.N.Gordiyenko) Rostovskogo meditsinskogo instituta. Predstavlena akademikom A.D.Speranskim.

(ANTIBODIES

form by reflex in system caused by antigen inject. into isolated spleen in dogs)
(SPIMEN, physicl.

antibody form by reflex in system caused by antigen inject. into isolated spleen in dogs)

GORDIYENKO, A.M., KISELEVA, V.I., SAAKOV, B.A., BONDANEV, I.M., ZHIGALIMA, L.I. Pharmacological analysis of the effect of antigens on receptors of the carotid sinus during reflex antibody production [with summary in English]. Biul.eksp. biol. i med. 44 no.11:72-75 N*57 (MRA 11:11) 1. Iz kafedry patologicheskoy fiziologii (zav. - prof. A.M. Gordiyenko) Rostovskogo gosudarstvennogo meditánskogo instituta, Rostov-na-Donn. Predetavlena akadenskom A.D. Speranskim. (ANTIGEN ANTIBODY, HEACTION, eff. of antigens on carotid sinus during reflex antibody prod. (Rus)) (CAROTID SINUS, eff. of antigens during reflex antibody prod. (Pus))

GORDIYENKO, A.N.; KISELEVA, V.I.; TSYNKALOVSKIY, R.B.; SAAKOV, B.A.;
AZHIPA, Ya.T.; LET'YEN, A.V.; TEGOROV, A.I.; OCHELENKO, L.N.;
BONDAREV, I.M.; ZEIGALINA, L.I.

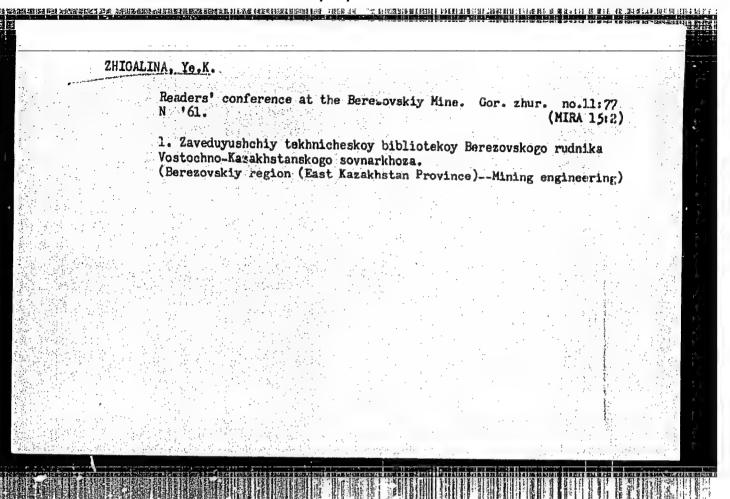
Electrophysiological analysis of the action of antigens on the angioceptors. Biul.eksp. biol. i med. 49 no.2:90-94 F 60.

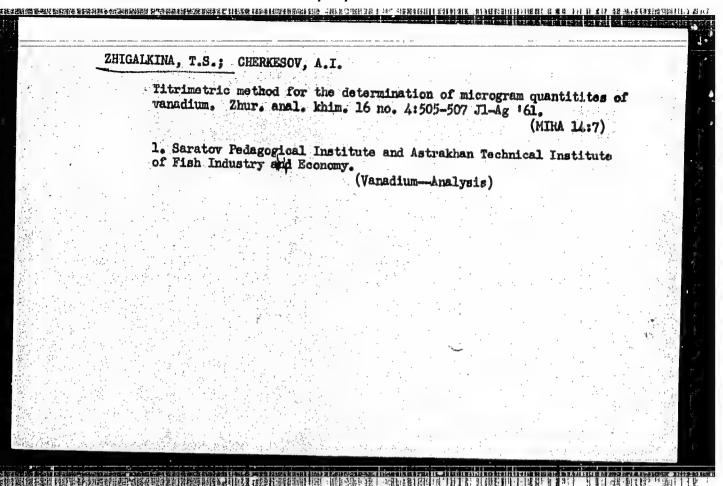
(MIRA 14:5)

1. Iz kafedry patofiziologii (zav. - prof. A.N.Gordiyenko)
Rostovskogo meditsinskogo instituta. Predstavlena akademikom
A.D.Speranskim.

(ANTIGENS AND ANTIBODIES) (CAROTID SINUS)

(ELECTROPHYSIOLOGY)





5(2) AUTHORS:

Cherkesov, A. I., Zhigalkina, T. S.

SOV/32-25-4-8/71

TITLE:

Photometric Method for Determining Vanadium in Steels (Fotometricheskiy metod opredeleniya vanadiya v stalyakh)

PERIODICAL:

Zavodskaya Laboratoriya, 1959, Vol 25, Nr 4, pp 406-408 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

An accelerated photometric method is described for the vanadium determination in steels without previous separation of Fe, Ti, W, Mn, Co, Ni, Cu, and Cr. It is based on the oxidation of azo dyes by the vanadate in a medium combined with sulphuric acid. The two dyes (structural formulas are given) were obtained by a diazotization of the sulfanilic acids and naphthionic acids and a coupling with 2,3-oxinaphthoic acid. In the dissolution of one dye in 60% sulphuric acid a bright-red coloring arises the absorption spectrum of which is represented graphically (Fig 1, max = 533 mµ). The resulting compound of the azo dye and the acid has a halochromous character. By an addition of vanadate to the colored solution, the color intensity decreases proportional with the admixed quantity of vanadate. A calibration curve for the photometric vanadium determination is established according

Card 1/2

Photometric Method for Determining Vanadium in Steels SOV/32-25-4-8/71

to an ammonium-vanadate solution (Fig 2). In vanadium concentrations of 5-25 γ/ml the determination is not disturbed by Cu^{2+} , Cr^{3+} , Al^{3+} , Co^{2+} , Ni^{2+} , Ti^{4+} , NH^{4+} , Nm^{2+} , VO_4^2 and icus of the alkali metals. Fe³⁺ must be bound by phosphoric acid, MoO_4 , CrO_4^2 , Cl_2 , and other strong oxidizing agents disturb the determination. The course of analysis, the preparation of the dye, and analytic results of a vanadium determination in steel (Table) are indicated. There are 2 figures, 1 table, and

ASSOCIATION:

Astrakhanskiy tekhnicheskiy institut rybnoy promyshlennosti i khozyaystva (Astrakhan Technical Institute of Fishing Industry and Economy)

Card 2/2

ZHIGALKINA, T.S.

73-3-17/24

AUTHOR: Cherkesov, A. I., and Zhigalkina, T. S.

TITIE: Complexes of Co(II)-malonate with Organic Bases and Their Use in Analysis. (Kompleksy Kobal't (II)-malonata s

Use in Analysis. (Kompleksy kodal t (11) milioneskoye Organicheskimi Osnovaniyami i ikh Analiticheskoye

Primeneniye)

PERIODICAL: Ukrainskiy Khimicheskiy Zhurnal, 1957, Vol. 23, No.3,

pp. 381-383 (USSR).

ABSTRACT: The crystalline complex cobalt(II)-malonate (2 substances) were prepared with pyridine and urotropine:

 $c_0 < c_0 < c_0 > c_{H_2} c_{5H_5} N \cdot H_2 0$ and $c_0 < c_0 < c_0 > c_1 < c_0 < c_0 > c_1 < c_0 < c_0 < c_0 < c_0 > c_1 < c_0 < c$

The urotropine-containing complex can be used in qualitative analysis as well as for the gravimetric determination of cobalt. The malonate-pyridine complex of cobalt can be used for the macro- as well as for the micro-analysis of cobalt in the presence of large quantities of alkaline, alkaline earth metal-, Cu²⁺-, Cr²⁺- and Mg²⁺ zions as well as in the presence of small quantities of Ni²⁺ and Al²⁺. The malonate-urotropine complex of cobalt is most suitable as it is only slightly soluble in the reaction mixture.

Card 1/3 (0.011 ml(100 ml) and in water (1.03 ml/100 ml) at 20°C,

。 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1. 14 1.

73-3-17/24

Complexes of Co(II)-malonate with Organic Bases and Their Use in Analysis.

> whilst maintaining a stable water-content. The constant weight can be determined rapidly when drying the substance at 100°C. When heating the substance to 140°C a 3.2% loss in weight occurs, at temperatures exceeding 150°C decomposition is observed. Analytical data of both complexes are given. Values of weight determinations of cobalt in the form of its malonate-urotropine complex are tabulated. The cobalt content in the solution was determined by the gravimetric method (in the CoSO, -form). The cobalt was

> precipitated in the following way: To 5 ml of approx. O.1 mole solution of the cobalt salt 1 - 1.3 ml of a 0.5 mole malonic acid solution is added as well as 10ml of a 1-mole urotropine solution. This mixture is heated up to boiling temperature. The reddish precipitate $\text{Co}_2(\text{C}_3\text{H}_2\text{O}_4)_2.\text{C}_6\text{H}_1\text{2}^{\text{N}}_4.$

2H2O is allowed to settle for 3 hours, is filtered through a glass filter (No. 4); it is then washed with small quantities of cooled water (10 - 15 ml) and dried at 100°C to constant weight. The conversion factor is 0.2368. The Card 2/3 precipitate of the complex can be burnt and the cobalt

Complexes of Co(II)-malonate with Organic Bases and Their Use in

determined in the Co₂O₄-form. There are 1 table and 4 references, 2 of which are Slavic.

SUBMITTED: March, 3, 1956.

ASSOCIATION: Astrakhan Technical Institute of Fishery Industry. (Astrakhanskiy Tekhnicheskiy Institut Rybnoy Promyshlen-

AVAILABLE: Library of Congress.

Card 3/3

CIA-RDP86-00513R002064810001-9" APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001

2209, 1273, 1160

23595

8/075/61/016/003/006/007 B106/B208

5.5300

AUTHORS:

. .

Cherkesov, A. I. and Zhigalkina, T. S.

TITLE:

Photometric cerium determination

PERIODICAL: Zhurnal analiticheskoy khimii, v. 16, no. 3, 1961, 364-365

TEXT: One of the authors devised in a previous paper (Ref. 6: Cherkesov A. I., Dokl. na VIII Mendeleyevskom s"yezde po obshchey i prikl. khim. Sektsiya analit. khim. Izd-vo AN SSSR, M., 1958, str. 56) a quick photometric method of determining small cerium quantities without preceding separation of a number of accompanying elements. This method rests upon the redox reaction of tetravalent cerium with the halochromic compound of an azo dye with sulfuric acid. From among several azo dyes studied methyl orange and methyl red proved to be most suitable for this purpose. For the determination methyl orange has to be dissolved in 60% H₂SO₄, methyl red in 80% H₂SO₄; the absorption maxima of these solutions lie at 496 mμ (methyl orange) and 533 mμ (methyl red). Both dyes practically give the same results. The authors give in the present paper an

Card 1/5

23595

Photometric cerium determination

S/075/61/016/003/006/007 B106/B208

instruction for the determination of small cerium quantities by methyl red. By adding increasing quantities of a salt of tetravalent cerium to the sulfuric acid solution of methyl red the optical density of this solution decreases according to the equation $D_0 - D_C = KC$ (D_0 - optical density of the solution of the dye without cerium addition; D_C - optical density of the solution of the dye after addition of C ug of cerium per ml of the solution; K - coefficient of proportionality). To draw the calibration curve, 0.0202 g Ce(SO4)2.4H20 was dissolved in 2 N H2SO4 to an end volume of 250 ml; 1 ml of this solution contains 28 µg of cerium. To prepare a 10⁻⁴-3.10⁻⁴ M solution of methyl red the dye is dissolved in 80% (by volume) of chemically pure sulfuric acid. If the sulfuric acid contains oxidizable impurities, a 0.05 N KMnO4 solution has previously to be added drop by drop until a pink color appears which remains constant for 3-5 sec. To draw the calibration curve, 3 ml each of the dye solution are put into 6 cuvettes. 1 ml of the cerium salt solution is added to the first cuvette, 1.5 ml to the second one, 2 ml to the third one, etc. No cerium salt solution is added to the 6th cuvette. All six cuvettes are then made up to Card 2/5

23595

Photometric cerium determination

S/075/61/016/003/006/007 B106/B208

7 ml with 2 N H₂SO₄. The solutions are thoroughly mixed, and after 10-15 min the optical densities are measured. Table 1 shows the results obtained the basis of which the calibration curve may be plotted. To determine be examined. The solution is made up to 7 ml with 2 N H₂SO₄, and thoroughly mixed. The optical density D_C is measured after 10-15 min. The content C of cerium in µg per ml of the measured solution is determined on the basis of the calibration curve from the difference D₀C₀ being known). The ions Ni²⁺, Mn²⁺, Zn²⁺, Cd²⁺, Mg²⁺, Al³⁺, Cr³⁺, MoO₂-, UO₂+, Cu²⁺, and Co²⁺ in amounts of 1,000 tg, and the ions Fe³⁺, Cl⁻, and NO₃ in amounts of 50-100 µg do not interfere with the determination of 6 µg of cerium by the method described (Table 2). [Abstracter's note: Essentially 4 Soviet-bloc and 2 non-Soviet-bloc.

Card 3/5

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R002064810001-9

23595

Photometric cerium determination

s/075/61/016/003/006/007 B106/B208

ASSOCIATION: Saratovskiy gosudarstvennyy pedagogicheskiy institut (Saratov State Pedagogic Institute). Astrakhanskiy tekhnicheskiy institut rybnoy promyshlennosti i khozyaystva (Astrakhan Technical Institute of Fish Industry and Fishery)

SUBMITTED:

August 6, 1960

Table 1: Data for plotting the calibration curve;

Legend: (1) - C in μ g of Ce(IV)/ml.

Do	De	DD.	C MES/MA CelV
2,00	1,85	0,15	4
	1,70	0,30	6
	1,55	0,45	8
	1,35	0,65	10
	1,20	0,80	12

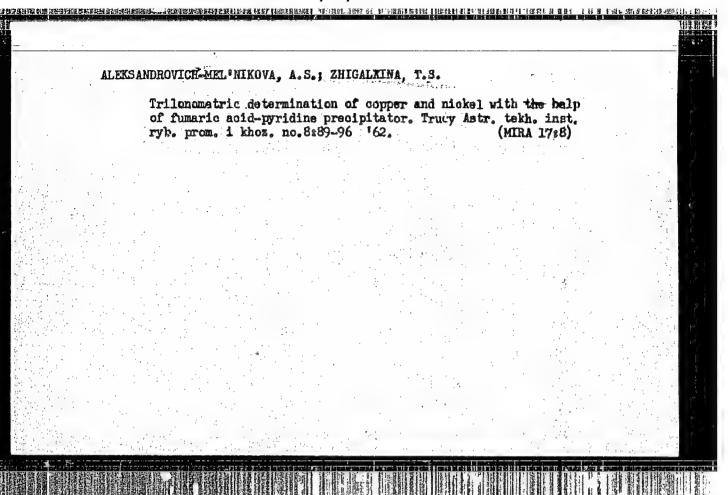
Card 4/5

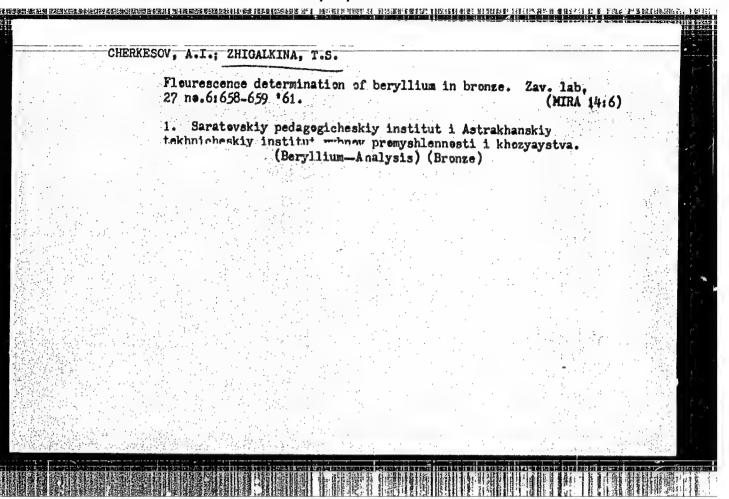
APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001

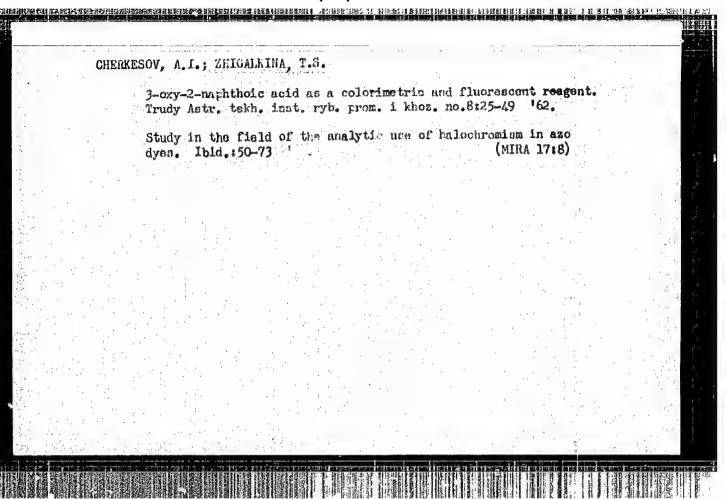
CHERKESOV, A. I. j. ZHICALKINA, T.S.

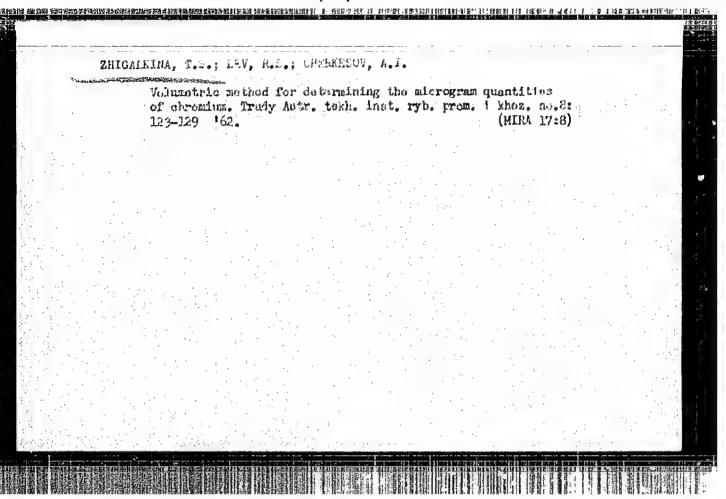
Photometric determination of cerium. Zhur.anal.khim. 16 no.3:364-365 (MPA 14:6)

1. Saratov Pedagogical Institute and Astrakhan Technical Institute of Fish Industry and Economy. (Cerium—Analysis)

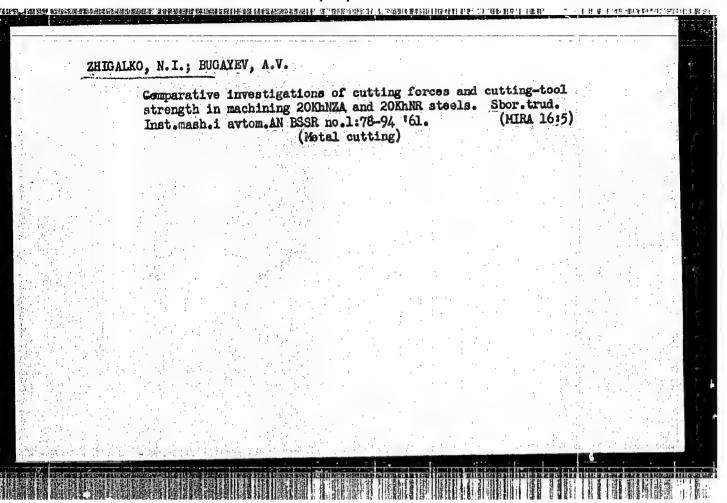


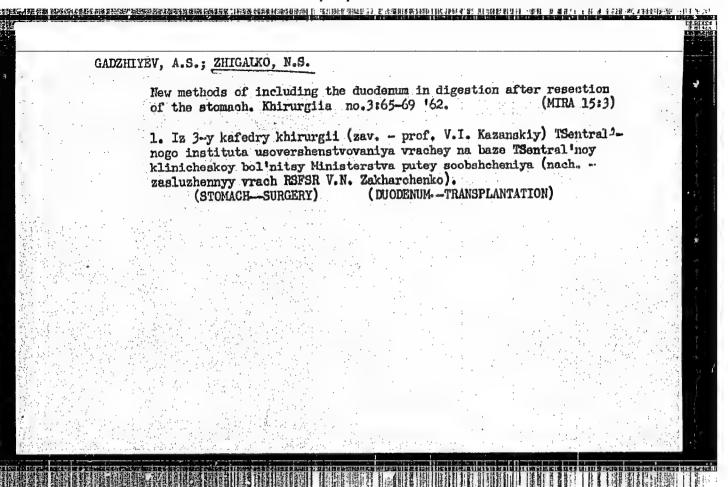




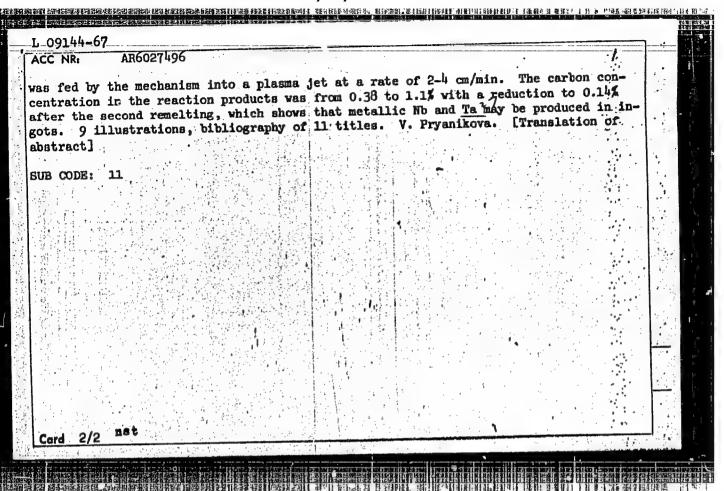


-	HGALKO, N. U s in	g diaphragm	strain pick	cups in me	asuring cu	itting forc	08.	
	Sbor	trud Inst.	ash.i avton	AN BSSR	io .1:109-J	16 61.	16:5)	
**		(Strain gau	iges)		(Metal o	cutting)	ָּיְלֶכיּטּב יִ	
	•							
						·.	1 :	
							1	
								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
					:	* :	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
						•		
					73			*



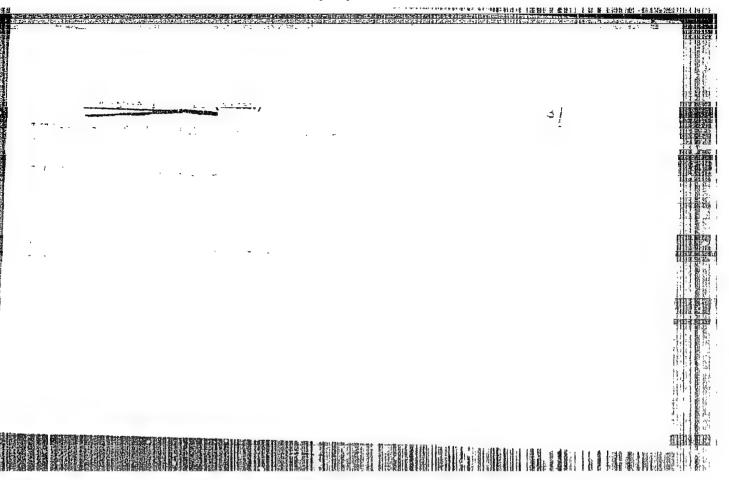


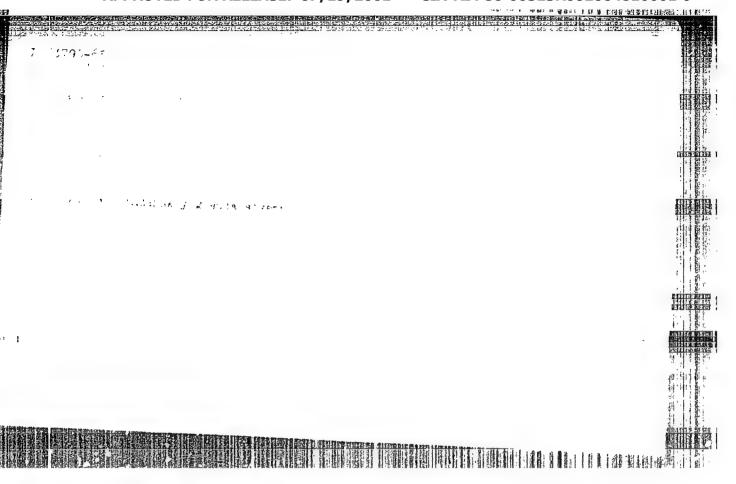
ARCDED REAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE 09144-67 EVT(m)/EWP(t)/ETI AR6027496 IJP(o). ACC NKI SOURCE CODE: UR/0137/66/000/004/B015/B015 AUTHOR: Smelyanskiy, M. Ya.; Zolotov, B. V.; Tsishevskiy, V. P.; Zhigalko, Ye. K.; Kuvaldin, A. B. TITLE: Survey of work done by the "Electrothermal Installations" Department in the field of investigation and industrial application of the high-intensity electric arc SOURCE: Ref. zh. Metallurgiya, Abs. 4B93 REF SOURCE: Elektrotermiya. Nauchno-tekhn. sb., vyp. 46, 1965, 36-42 TOPIC TAGS: electric arc, metal purification, refractory metal ABSTRACT: Research has been in progress since 1961 in the "Electrical Installations" Department of Moscow Power Engineering Institute on the working process in installations for arc-heating of gases together with development of methods for designing installations suitable for industrial application. Investigations of the arc-heating process are described for gases with axial stabilization of the arc in a cylindrical channel and data are given on the effect which the type of working medium has on the electrical and power characteristics of the process. An installation is developed for producing refractory metals from their compounds. This installation was used for conducting experiments on carbothermic reduction of niobium in a plasma jet. Raw material in the form of nicbium pentoxide and carbide pressed into a billet 6-8 mm in diameter Card 1/2

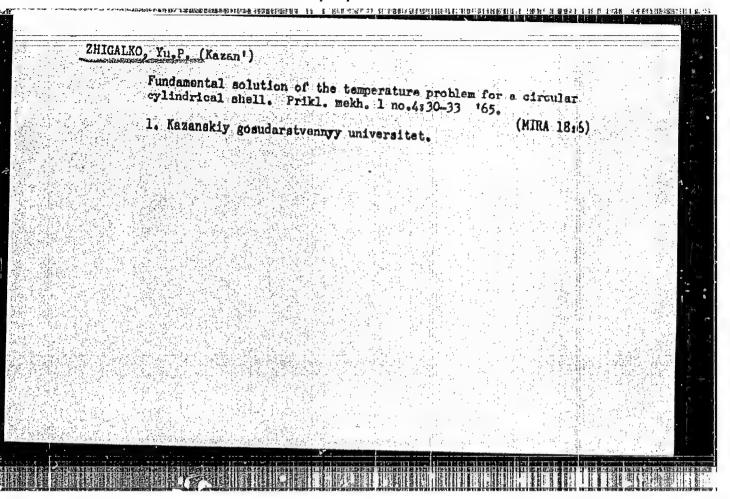


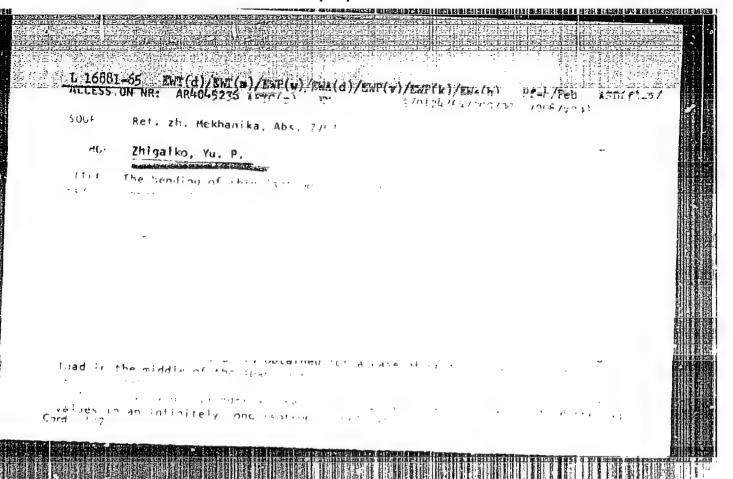
a 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	L 01485-66 EWT(d.)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Futt(-)/Fut
	WW/EMP(W)/EMP(V)/EMP(k)/EMA(h)/ETG(m) WW/EM
	ACCESSION NR: AR5019375 UII/0124/65/000/007/V010/V010
	SOURCE: Ref. zh. Mekhanika, Abs. 7V66
	AUTHOR: Zhigalko, Yu. P.; Gur'yanov, N.G. TITLE: A thin, simply supported cylindrical shell with localized loading
	CILED SOURCES Shi Thomas Name of the Control of the
	CITED SOURCE: Sb. Itog Nauchn, konferentsiva Kazansk, un-ta za 1963 g. Sekis. matem., kibernet. 1 teoriya veroyatn., mekhan. Kazan, 1964, 133-134 10
	TOPIC TAGS: cylindric shell structure, digital computer program, shell deformation,
	TRANSLATION: The authors discuss a closed cylindrical shell, simply supported to
	point is parallel to the lines of curvature. It is assumed that the load vector at one with
	dimensionless longth of the table to the
	in permutations. Initial equations are of the Donnell type. Stress components are ex- panded in double trigonometric series. Permutations are written in the form of
10 T. E.	and the form of
199	

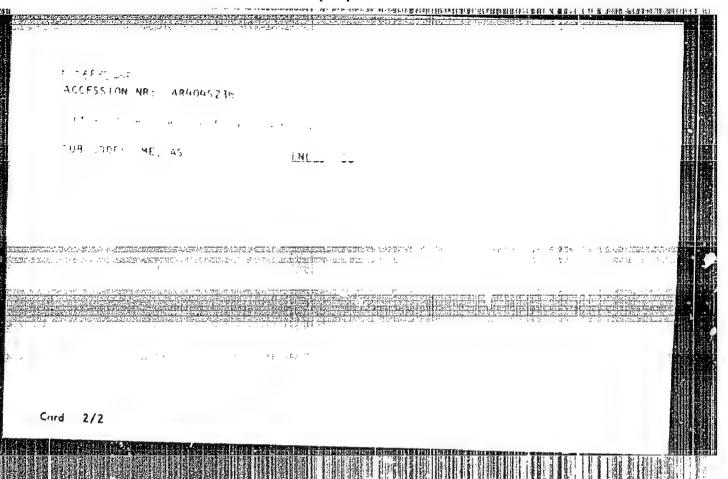
A C	OIL85-66 CESSION NR: AR5 alogous series with given to a case of v stributed. Solution	coefficient								
di ar	stributed. Bolution e obtained by final emputer.	transition.	The resul	lts are pr	ogramme	d for cal	culatio	n on a c	ilgital	
81	JB CODE: AS, MA		NCL: 00							

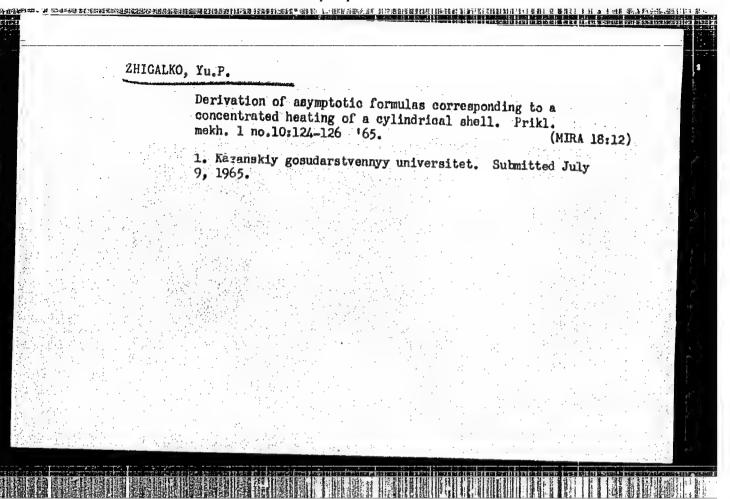












].	ACC NR. AP50251)/EPF(c)/EWP(1	MT RM		Company of a forest metaline		
	AUTHOR: Bobrovn ORG: none	itskiy, V. S.	Zhiann	SOURCE CODE:	UR/0286/65/000	/017/013//	
	ORG: none		Dirkarkovic	h v. F. Pet	ov. 1. 4 145	5 70134/013	
	TITLE: A method	for product				ý Q	5
	SOURCE: Byulleter TOPIC TAGS: resin	izobno-	esin. Clas	ss 39, No. 151	813/5		
	TOPIC TAGS: resing ABSTRACT: This Augustion of tural material		i tovarnykh	znakov. no.			
1							
	polycondengation	thor's Certific		., chioride, p	olymer, polyco	ndensation	
	tural materials is	aniline and	cetylene o	ices a method	for next .		
	tural materials is presence of cuprous	produced by co	cetylene. 7	ices a method ir resin suital	for producing r	esin based of	
	ABSTRACT: This Au polycondensation o tural materials is presence of cuprous	f aniline and a produced by conclude or a	icetylene. Indensing the mmonia.	ices a method iresin suital is polycondens	for producing r la for product ate with furfu	esin based of ion of struc-	
	presence of cuprous	produced by co chloride or a	icetylene. J indensing in immonia.	resin suitalis polycondens	for producing r le for product ate with furfu	esin based of ion of structure in the	
	tural materials is presence of cuprous	produced by co chloride or a	icetylene. J indensing in immonia.	resin suitalis polycondens	for producing r le for product ate with furfu	esin based of ion of struc- ral in the	
	presence of cuprous	miline and a produced by co chloride or a SUBM DATE: 1	icetylene. J indensing in immonia.	resin suitalis polycondens	for producing r le for product ate with furfu	esin based on ion of structral in the	
	presence of cuprous	produced by co chloride or a	icetylene. J indensing in immonia.	resin suitalis polycondens	for producing r le for product ate with furfu	esin based of ion of structure in the	
	presence of cuprous	produced by co chloride or a	icetylene. J indensing in immonia.	resin suitalis polycondens	for producing r le for product ate with furfu	esin based on ion of structral in the	
	presence of cuprous	produced by co chloride or a	icetylene. J indensing in immonia.	resin suitalis polycondens	for producing r le for product ate with furfu	esin based on ion of structral in the	
	presence of cuprous UB CODE: MT,GC/	produced by co chloride or a	icetylene. J indensing in immonia.	resin suitalis polycondens	for producing r le for product ate with furfu	esin based on ion of structral in the	
	presence of cuprous UB CODE: MT,GC/	produced by co chloride or a	icetylene. J indensing in immonia.	resin suitalis polycondens	for producing r le for product ate with furfu	esin based on ion of structral in the	

ZHIGALOV, 2.D.; GOL'DSHMIDT, V.G., assistent

Application of vibration in flax spinning. Tekst.prom. 25 no.2143.

(MIRA 18:4)

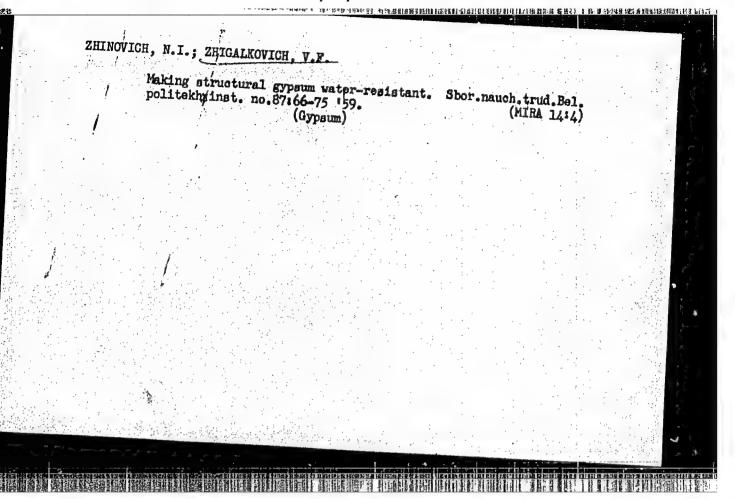
(For Zhigalov). 2. Kostromskiy tekhnologicheskogo instituta Col'dshmidt).

Zeveduyushchiy kafedroy Kostromskogo tekhnologicheskogo instituta Col'dshmidt).

ZHIGALKOVICH, A.S., LEONOV, V.A., MEREZHINSKY, V.M., LASTOVSKAYA, T.C., KILCHEVSKAYA, MA. SILYAYEVA, M.F. (USSR)

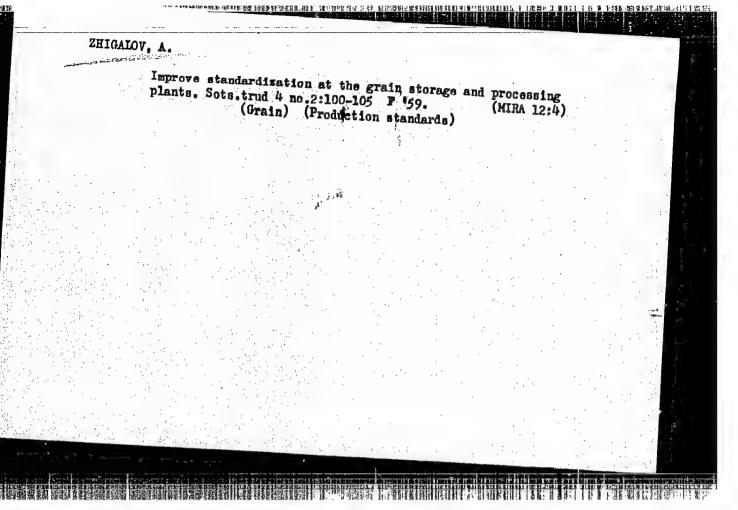
"Metabolic Processes in Relation to Suppression of Thyroid Gland Function in Animals of Various Ages and at Different Times of the Year."

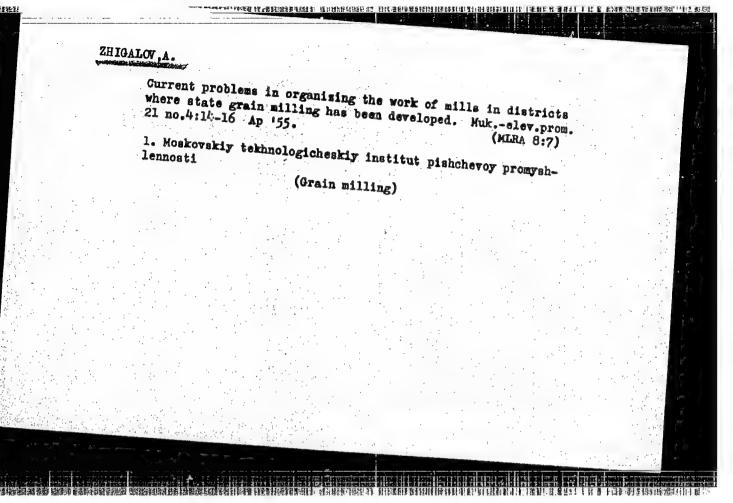
Report presented at he 5th Int'l Biochemistry Congress. Moscow, 10-16 Aug. 1961

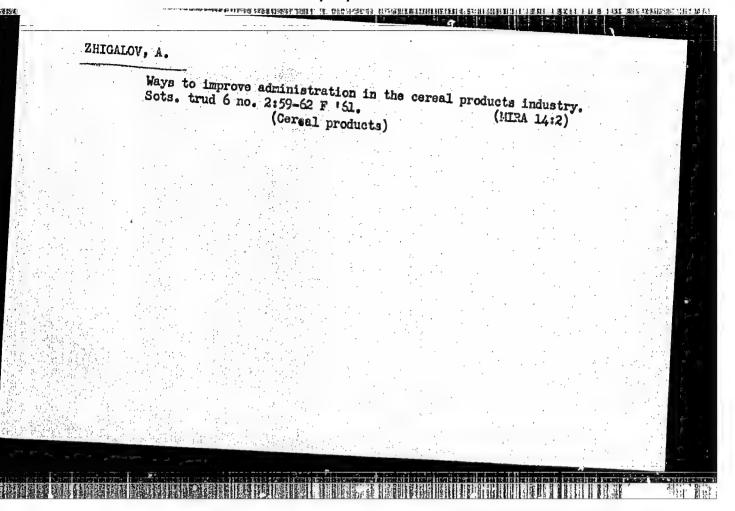


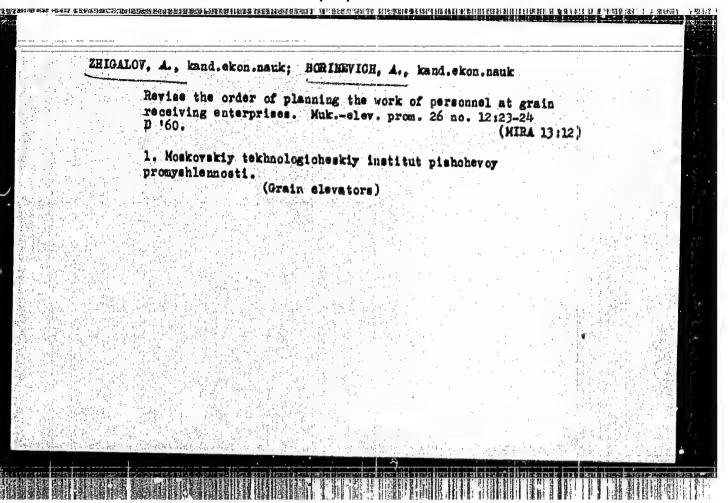
ZHIGALKOVICH, V. F.: "A study of the structural-mechanical properties of structural solutions." Inst. of Chemistry, Acad Sci Beloruseian (Dissertation for the Degree of Candidate in Chemical Sciences.)

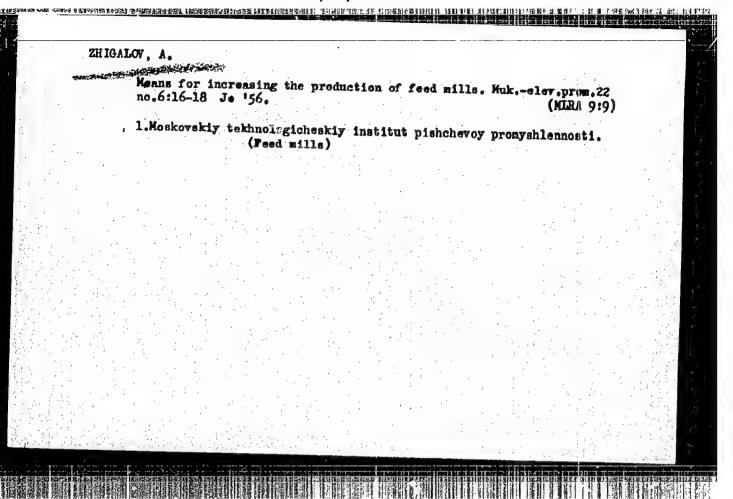
SO: Knizhnaya Letopis', No. 26, 1956











ZHIOALOV, A., kandidat ekonomicheskikh nauk.

Improve the planning of flour milling in farm mills. Muk.-elev.prom. (MIRA 10:5)

1.Moskovskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut pishchevoy promyshlennosti. (Flour mills)

XXVI. "Automating Inspection of Parts of a Magnetic Circuit Relay," Automatica and Mechanization of Production Processes in Instrument Manufacturing, Moscow,

PURPOSE: This book is intended for engineers, technicians, and scientific personnel concerned with mechanization and automation of production processes in instrument manufacturing, and for students and teachers of this subject in vuzes.

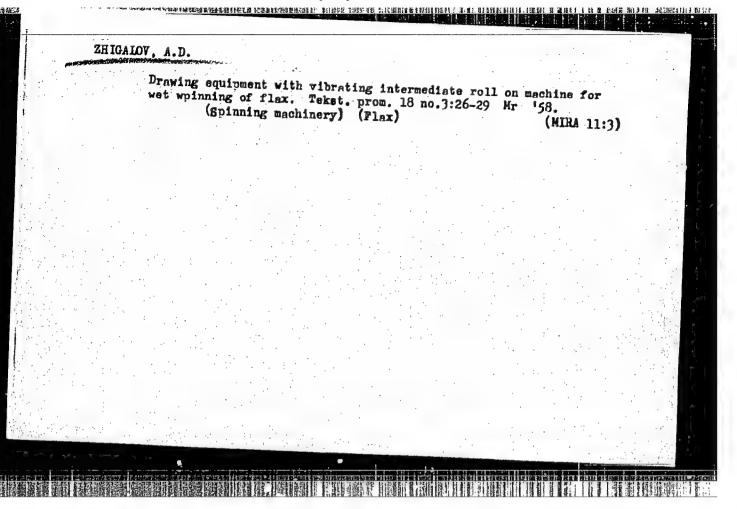
ZHIGALLY, A. A.

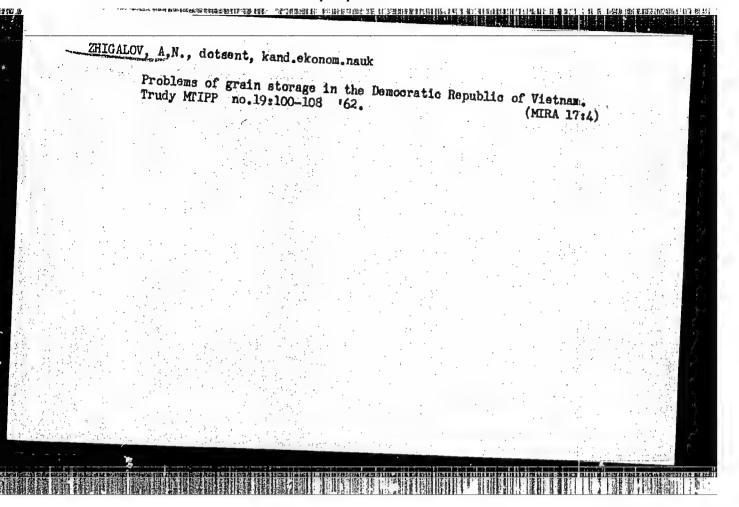
At N. Pechenkin, A. A. Zhigalov, V. A. Murav'yev, et al., Vnedreniye stakhanov-skikh metodov truda na stroitel'stvo Moskovskogo Gosudarstvennogo universiteta imeni M. V. Lomonosova /Introduction of Stakhanovite Work Methods in the Construction of the Moscow State University imeni Lomonosov/ (from the series "Novatory stroitel'noy industrii" /Innovators of the Building Industry/), Press for Literature on Building and Architecture, h sheets, 15,000 copies

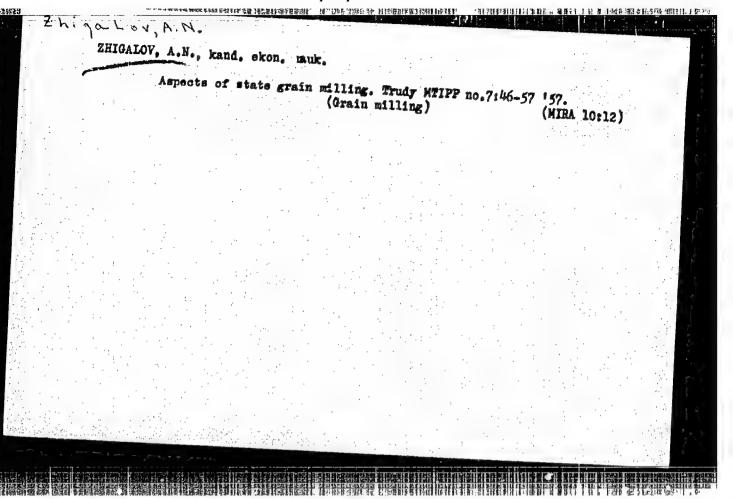
Describes the rational working procedures of stakhanovite stonemasons, stucco workers and facers, and the practice of mass introduction of the best University imeni M. V. Lomonosov.

Brochure intended for workmen and engineering-technical personnel of construction jobs.

SO: U-6472, 23 Nov 1954







ZEIGALOY, A.N., kand. ekon. nauk; CHUKHAR'KO, Z.T., kand. ekon. nauk, retsenzent; LYUZUSEKIN, V.T., kand. tekhn. nauk, spetsred.;

FUKS, V.K., red.; KISINA, Ie.I., tekhn. red.

[Utilization of the capital assents of state-owned rural mills]

Ispol'sovanie osnovnyth fondov gosudarstvennyth sel'skokhoziaistvennyth mel'nits. Moskva, Pishchepromizdat, 1958, 122 p. (MIRA 11:8)

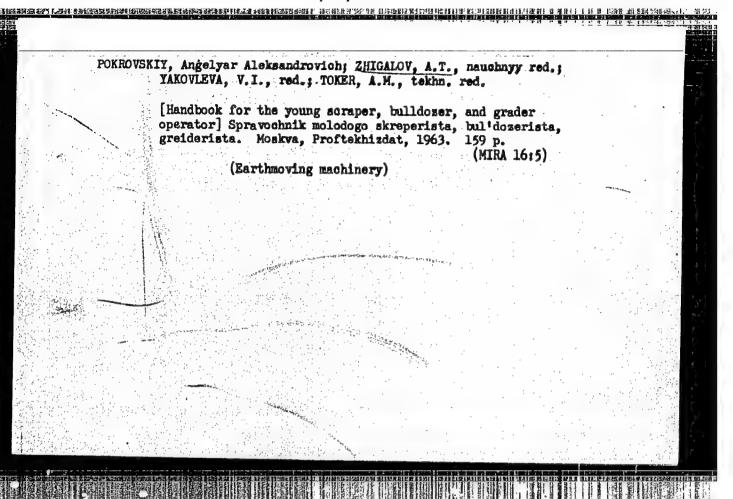
(Flour mills)

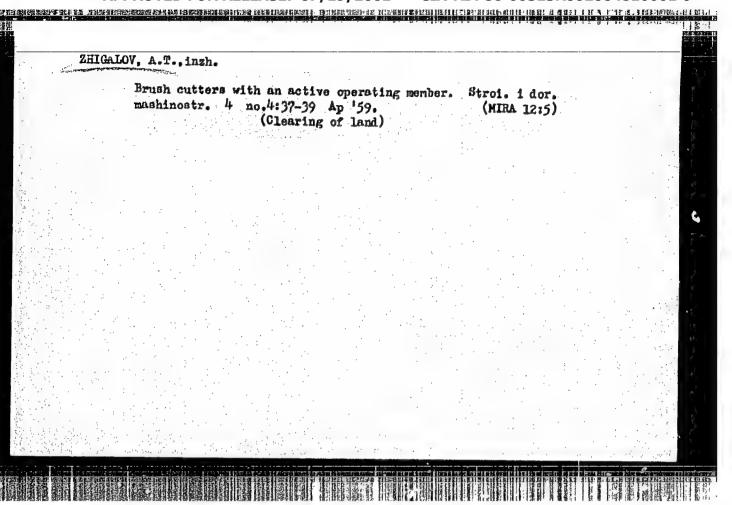
KALITA, Nikolay Yakovlevich; GRINBERG, A.I., retsenzent; BAHABASH, M.M., retsenzent; ZHIGALOV, A.N., dotsent, kand. ekon. nauk, retsenzent; DOSNKOV, V.Ye., prof. spets. red.; NOZDRINA, V.A., red.; ZARSHCHIKOVA, L.N., tekhn. red.,

[Establishing work norms in the meat and dairy industries]
Tekhnicheskoe normirovanie truda v miasmoi i molochnoi promyshlennosti. Moskva, Pishchepromisdat, 1962. 294 p.

1. Starshiy inzhener Normativno-issledovatel'skoy laboratorii po trudu Kiyevskogo myasokombinata (for Barabash). 2. Nachal'nik otdela truda i zarabotnoy platy Kiyevskogo myasokombinata (for Grinberg).

(Meat industry—Production standards)
(Dairy industry—Production standards)

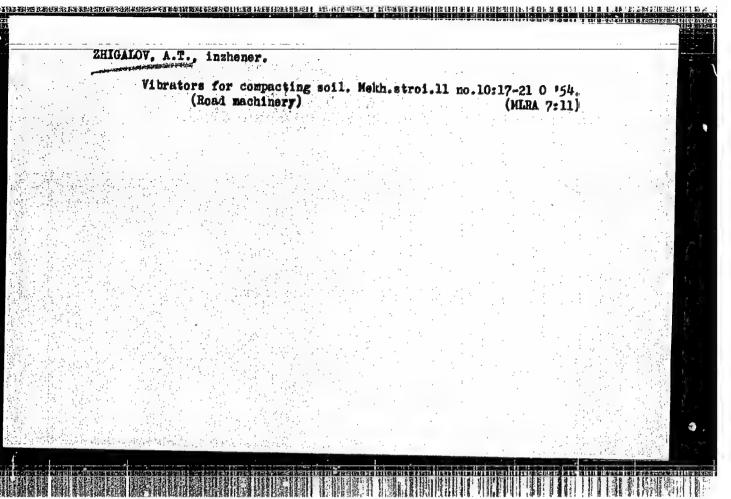


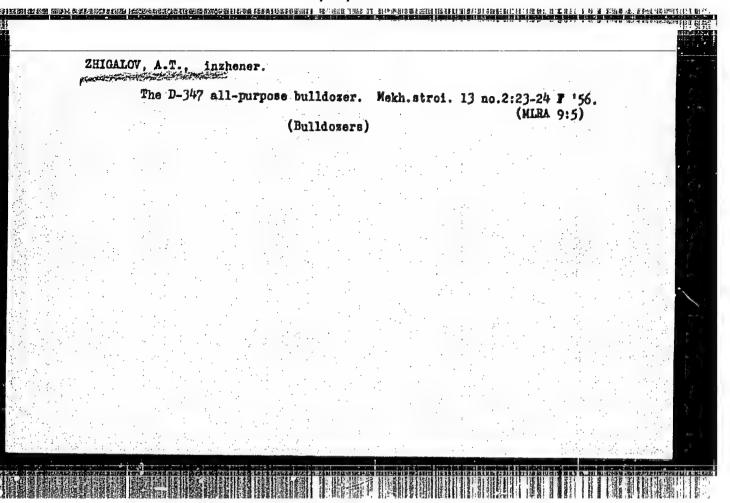


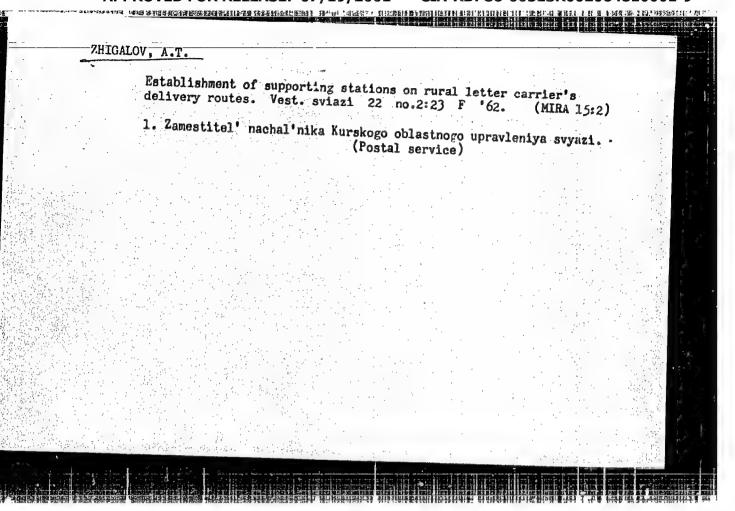
Excavating Machinery

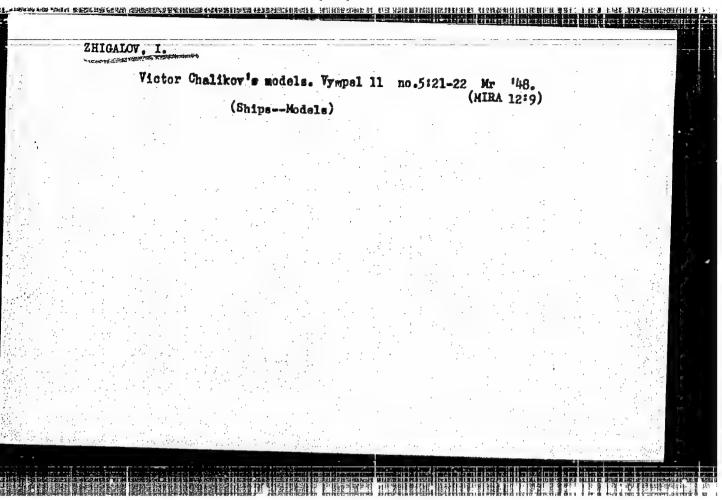
Attachment D-245 for grader D-144 for digging troughs in widening the asphalt covered part of a road. A. 2. Zhigalov., Mekh. stroi., 9, no. 2, 1952

Monthly List of Russian Accessions, Library of Congress, April 1952. Unclassified.









USSR / Soil Science. Physical and Chemical Properties of Soil.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1959, 6069.

Author : Zhigalov, I. I.; Grishin, I. S. Inst : Not given.

Title : Not given.

Title : Moisture Losses Due to Evaporation from a Snow

Covered Surface and from the Soil During the Period of Snow-Thawing and the Flow of Thawed

Waters.

Grig Pub: Pochvovedeniye, 1957, No 12, 107-111.

Abstract: Moisture evaporation in Moskovskaya Oblast' from

a snow covered surface at snow-thawing time amounts to 2-3 mm. as measured in the course of 7 - 9 days. Evaporation from the surface of frozen soil and the flow of thawed waters in the

Card 1/2

的现在,这一种的复数。 使用的 医神经炎

19

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1959, 6069.

Abstract: same periode amounts /20012.7 CIARDES6-00513R002064810001-APPROVED FOR RELEASE State tory results could not be obtain-

And Chemical Properties

ed in calculating the overall moisture evaporation from a snow covered surface using the Assmann psychrometer (large size model) and the Fuss anemometer. -- S. A. Nikitin.

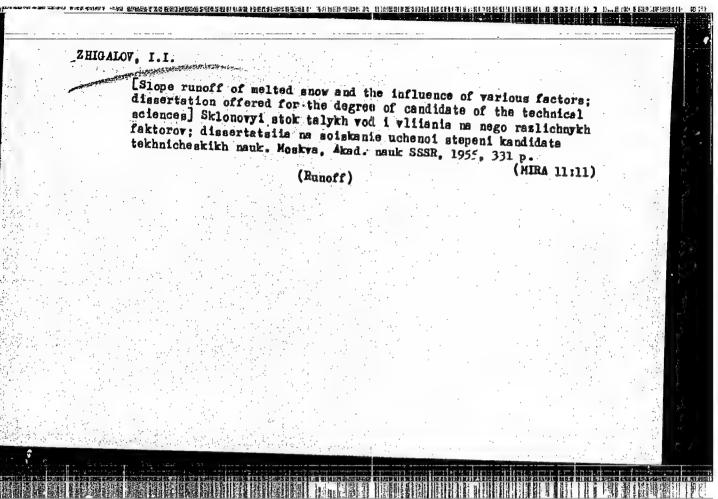
"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001 CIA

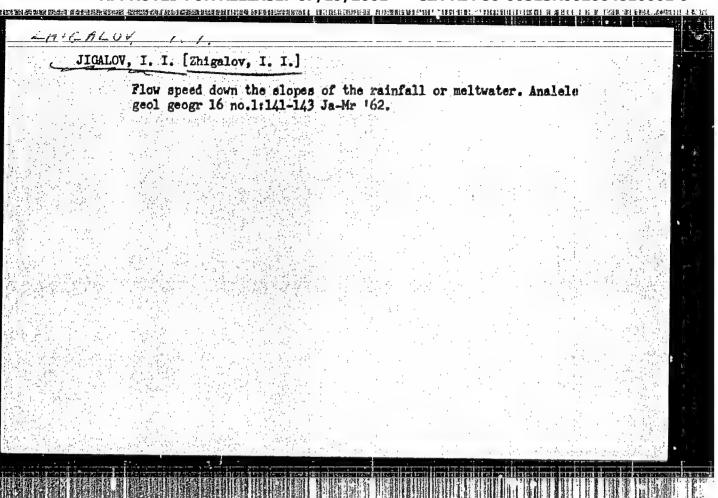
CIA-RDP86-00513R002064810001-9

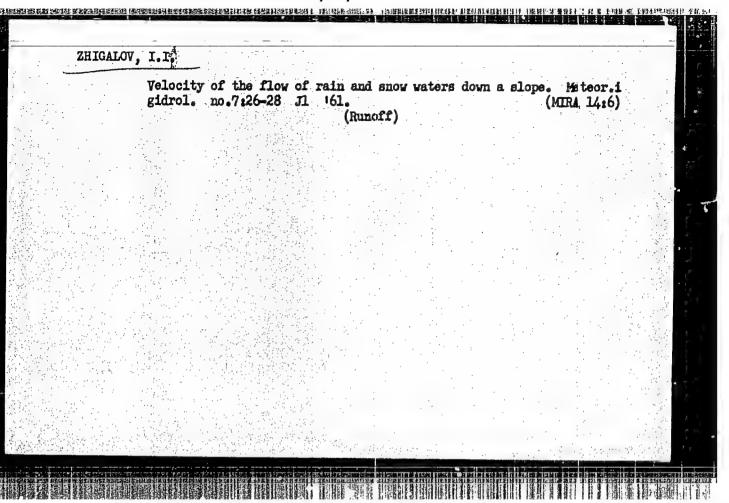
ZHICALOV, I.I., kand.tekhn.nauk

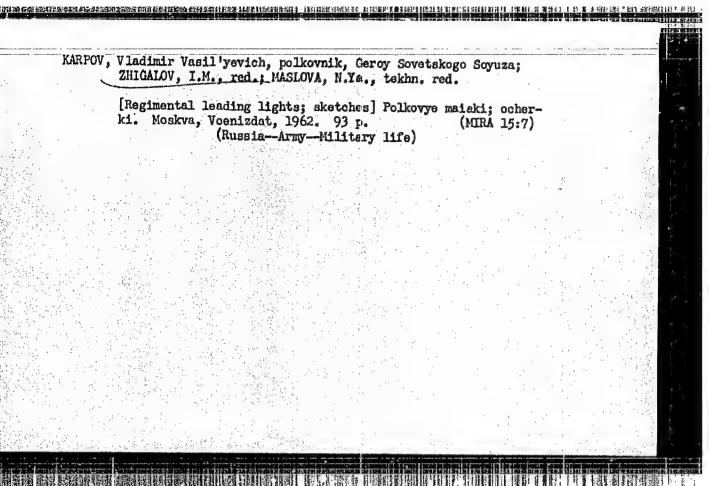
Losses of runoff resulting from snow water from drainage basins.

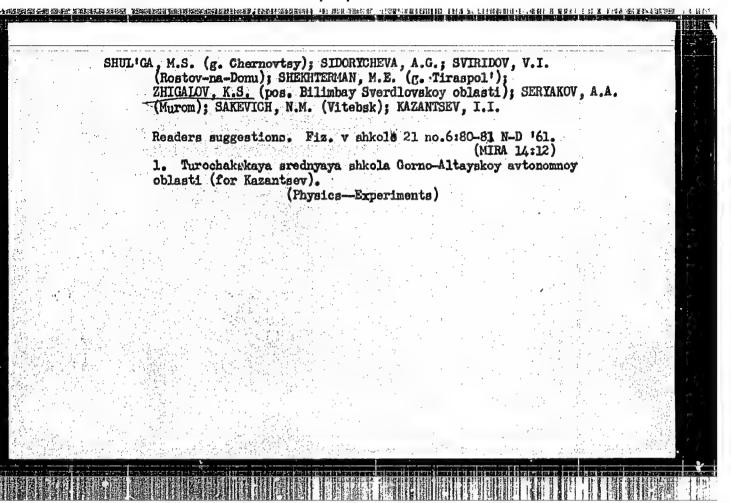
Meteor. i gidrol. no. 2:40-41 F '64, (MIRA 17:5)











ZHIGALOV, L.N., aspirant

Magnetic storms at Vostok Station between July 12 and 23, 1961.

Inform. blul. Sov. antark. eksp. no.33:42-43 '62. (MIRA 16:2)

1. Arkticheskiy i antarkticheskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut.

(Yostok Station, Antarctica—Magnetic storms—1961 (July))

A17U1J726

SOURCE CODE: UR/3174/65/000/053/0027/0030

AUTHOR: Zhigalov, L. N. (Junior scientific worker)

ORG: Arctic and Antarctic Scientific Research Instituto (Arkticheskiy i antarkticheskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut)

TITLE: Cyclic changes of magnetic disturbance at Mirnyy and Vostok Stations

是一个一个,这个人,这个人的一个人,这个人们,他们是一个人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人,我们就是一个人的人的人的人

SOURCE: Sovetskaya antarkticheskaya ekspeditsiya, 1955-. Informatsionnyy byulleten, no. 53, 1965, 27-30

TOPIC TAGS: solar activity, geomagnetism, solar corpuscular radiation, solar cycle, geophysic research facility

SUB CODE: 08,03

ABSTRACT: Available data on geomagnetic observations at Antarctic stations are inadequate for tracing the variation of magnetic activity for ever one entire solar cycle but they make it possible to analyze the variation of activity at Mirnyy and Vostok in the years of the solar maximum and the years of decline of solar activity. This is a brief analysis of data for Mirnyy and Vostok for 1957-1963. The index of magnetic activity used was the hourly amplitude of the horizontal component in gammas. Maximum magnetic activity at Kheys Island in the Arctic and

Card 1/2

UDC: 919.9(047)

ACC NR: AT7013726

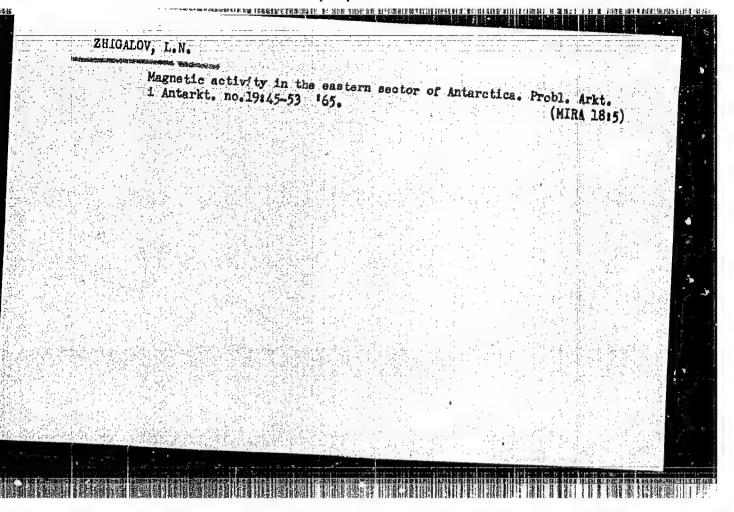
Mirnyy in Antarctica was observed in 1960, three years after the solar activity maximum. A completely different cyclic variation of magnetic activity was observed at Vostok station, where maximum disturbance was observed in 1958. The difference between the cyclic variation of magnetic activity at Vostok from the cyclic variation of Kp and the cyclic variation of activity at Mirnyy and its poor coincidence with the cyclic variation of solar activity during the considered period makes it possible to postulate that the magnetic activity in the immediate vicinity of the geomagnetic pole is caused not only by the corpuscular streams which are responsible for disturbances in the high polar latitudes, but by other particles as well. These particles apparently are ejected from the sun in the period of maximum solar activity and penetrate directly into the upper atmosphere in the region of the geomagnetic poles. It is entirely possible that such particles are lowenergy electrons, whose maximum density is noted in periods of a maximum of solar activity. Orig. art. has: 2 figures. /JPRS: 34,593/

C-- 2/2

	(N)	SOURCE CODE:	UR/2561/65/000	/019/u045/0053	- Action
AUTHOR: Zhigalov, L.	N.	ingi kasampat		271	.==
ORG: none				36	
				of	
TITLE: Magnetic activ	ity in easter	Antanotia			
	是各种的		Minggan ing sakang Maggan sakang		
SOURCE: Leningrad Ar	kticheskiy i	ntarkticheskiy na	uchno-issledova	tel'skiy institut	
Problemy Arktiki I Ant	arktiki, no.	19, 1965, 45-53			5
TOPIC TAGS: E layer, l geomagnetic disturbanc	F layer, Weat	ther ctation, geom	ignetism, ionos	phere,	
ABSTRACT: Measurement	of magnetic	activity made by S	oviet Antarctic	stations are sum-	
marized. Magnetic act Komsomol'skaya base st	ations and the	Severnyy Polyus-	drifting stat:	ion in 1957 and	
1958. Also included a	re observation	is made at Mirnyy	and Vostok from	1956 to 1961. The	10
Mirnuu : Dagig : Pinnanel	kaya, and Koms	somol'skaya station	is reveal the pr	resence of large	
daily maxima of magnet			And derry titres	vata wiell the	12.5
daily maxima of magnet; probability of irregul	ar magnetic pe	rturbation peak is	increased. The	io distribution oi	- 1 E
daily maxima of magnet; probability of irregula magnetic disturbances	ar magnetic pe recorded at th	erturbation peak is ne Mirnyy, Oasis,	and Pionerskava	stations is typi-	
daily maxima of magnet: probability of irregulances magnetic disturbances cal of the zone of high	ar magnetic pe recorded at th h latitude out	rturbation peak in me Mirnyy, Oasis, a flow. The daily	and Pionerskaya Surves of magnet	stations is typi-	
daily maxima of magnet; probability of irregula magnetic disturbances	ar magnetic pe recorded at th h latitude out	erturbation peak in the Mirnyy, Oasis, a flow. The daily of tagnetic latitudes	and Pionerskaya curves of magnet in the eastern	stations is typi-	
daily maxima of magnet: probability of irregulances magnetic disturbances cal of the zone of high	ar magnetic pe recorded at th h latitude out	erturbation peak in the Mirnyy, Oasis, a flow. The daily of tagnetic latitudes	and Pionerskaya Surves of magnet	stations is typi-	

tern Ar	rctic and A listurbance I the upper	mes whereas the Pion intarctic zones are $($ is in the polar region $(F_2 \text{ layer})$ layers $($	distinctly di	fferent. It	is conclude ses in the l	ed that mag- lower (E lay-	
SUB COL	DE: 08/	SUBM DATE: 12May	54/ ORIG	REF: 005/	OTH RI	Er: 002	
ज्यतेत्रकेरन्द्र स्थापन		A CAN OF THE PROPERTY OF A PERSON		्य हा जिल्हा व्यक्त	rate NEED (. ·	

ZHIGALOW, L.N., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik Cyclic variations of magnetic disturbance at Mirnyy and Vostok Stations. Inform. biul. Sov. antark. eksp. no. 53:27-30 '65. (MIRA 18:12) 1. Arkticheskiy i antarkticheskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut. Submitted Sept. 29, 1964.



ZHIGALOV, L.E., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnik

Distribution of auroras at Vostok Station in 1961, Inform. biul. Sov. antark. eksp. no.36:26-27 '62'. (MIRA 16:4)

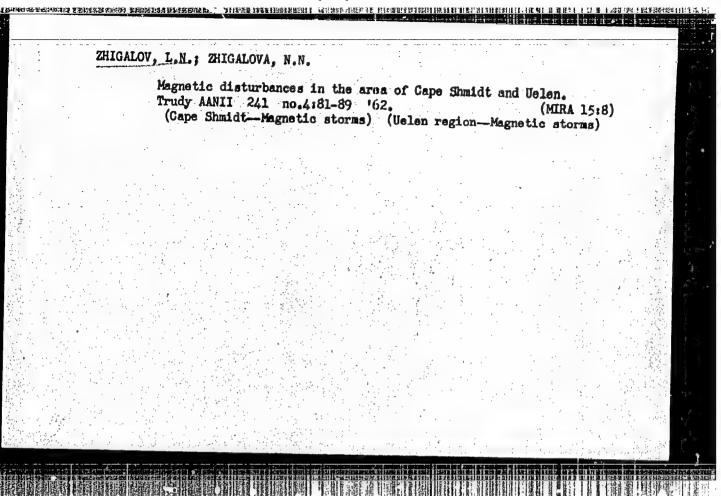
1. Arkticheskiy i antarkticheskiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut.

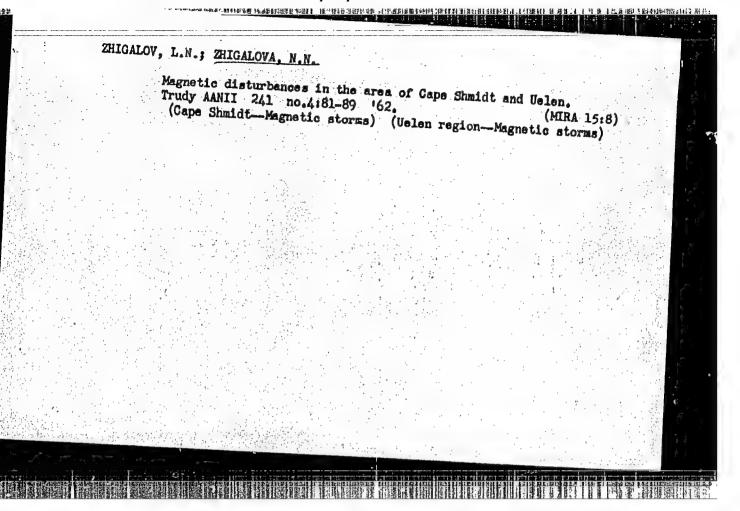
(Vostok Station, Antarctica-Auroras)

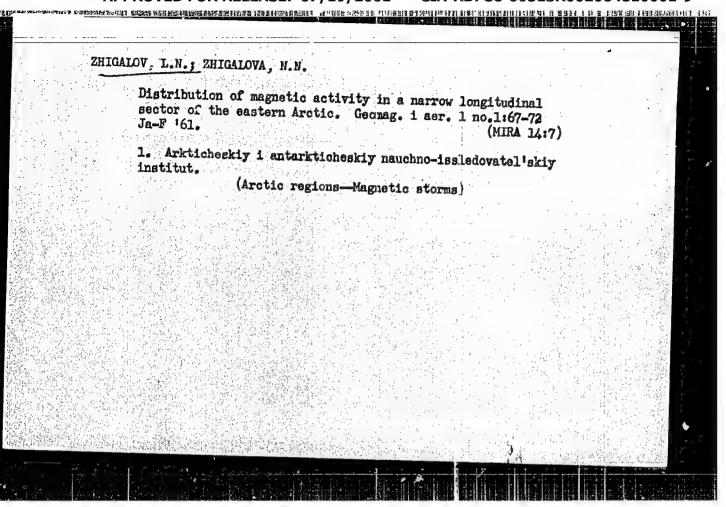
ZHIGALOV, L.N., mladshiy nauchnyy sotrudnil; NIZYAYEV, D.A., brigadir mekhanikov

New feature of magnetic activity at Vostok Station. Inform. biul. Sov. antark. eksp. no.37:38-39 '62. (MIRA 16:4)

1. Arkticheskiy i antarkticheskiy nauchno-issledovatel skiy institut. (Vostok Station, Antarctica-Magnetism, Terrestrial)







3.1410

26418 3/169/61/000/007/085/104 4006/4101

AUTHORS:

Moiseyev, B.S., Zhigalov, L.N.

TITLE:

On the diurnal run of auroras polaris and magnetic acticity on drifting stations SP-6 and SP-7 during 1957 - 1958

PERIODICAL:

Referativnyy zhurnal. Geofizika, no. 7, 1961, 34-35, abstract 76244 (V sb. "Issled. polyarn. siyaniy, no. 4, Moscow, AN SSSR, 1960, 20-24, English summary)

TEXT: The authors present preliminary data on the diurnal run of auroras polaris on the basis of visual observations. Simultaneously observations were carried out of the magnetic field of the Earth. The stations drifted as follows: "SP-6" 77.5 - 80.5 northern latitude; 1500-1580 eastern longitude; "SP-7" 860- for the distribution of aurora polaris recurrence. Two nightfall and one early in agreement with the diurnal run of the recurrence of aurora polaris is tion on the existence of a second circumpolar zone of raised intensity and frequency of magnetic disturbances and aurora polaris.

[Abstracter's note: Complete translation]

L. Yerasova

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 07/19/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R002064810001-9"

11-

20382

3.1720

S/058/61/000/003/026/027 A001/A001

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Fizika, 1961, No. 3, p. 439, # 32h546

AUTHORS:

Zhigalov, L. N.

TITLE:

On the Correlation of Sun's Radio Emission With Geomagnetic Activity

PERIODICAL: "Solnechnyye dannyye", 1960, No. 5, pp. 69-73

TEXT: The author considers the problem of correlation between the Sun's radio emission (on the basis of data of sporadic radio emission published in the bulletin "Solnechnyye dannyye", June 1957 - November 1959) with magnetic disturbances. He processed statistically both the values of radio emission fluxes on various wavelengths of meter, decimeter and centimeter bands and the outbursts of various types. The best correlation with magnetic disturbances was detected in increases of fluxes and outbursts observed at wide frequency bands and of long duration. Recommendations on the optimum selection of radio data are given. Forecasting of magnetic storms calls for the employment of the solar radio emission index in addition to other indices.

Translator's note: This is the full translation of the original Russian abstract.

- MUSHLOV, L. A

PHASE I BOOK EXPLOITATION SOV/5744

Akademiya nauk SSSR. Mezhduvedomstvennyy komitet po provedeniyu Mezhdunarodnogo geofizicheskogo goda. IV. razdel programmy MGG: Polyarnyye siyaniya i svecheniye nochnogo neba.

- Issledovaniya polyarnykh siyaniy; sbornik statey (Investigations of Auroras: Collected Articles. No. 4) Moscow, Izd-vo AN SSSR, 1960. 77 p. 2,000 copies printed.
- Resp. Ed.: B. A. Bagaryatskiy, Candidate of Physics and Mathematics; Ed.: Ya. I. Fel'dshteyn; Tech. Ed.: Ye. V. Makuni.
- PURPOSE: This IGY publication is intended for geophysicists, astrophysicists, and other scientists concerned with auroras and related phenomena.
- COVERAGE: The collection contains certain results of visual auroral observations as well as of the photographing and spectrographing of arroras made at Soviet stations during the IGY. No personalities are mentioned. English abstracts and references follow each article.

Card 1/3

Investigations of Auroras: Collected (Cont.) SOV/5744	
TABLE OF CONTENTS:	
Preface	
Yevlashin, L. S. Certain Results of Investigations of Auroras With the C-180-S Spectral Camera During the International Geo-	5
Nikol'skiy, A. P. On the Problem of the Geographic Distribution	7
Moiseyev, B. S., and L. N. Zhigalov. On the Diurnal Variation of Auroras and Magnetic Activity on Drifting North Pole Station SP-6 and SP-7 During 1957-1958	14
Belousov, B. G., and B. S. Moiseyev. Preliminary Results of SP-6 and SP-7 During 1958-1959	20
용 보험하다에 보고되었다면 병원들이가 중하네 보고 얼마가 하는 데 이미를 모르는 생각	25
Parting 1958-1959 Stations Card 2/3	25

Investigations of Auroras: Collected (Cont.) SOV/5744 Fel'dshteyn, Ya. I. Magnetic Ionospheric Disturbances and Auroras at Dikson Island	
Khorosheva, O. V. Researches on Distortion Curves of C-180	29
Nadubovich, Yu. A. Observations of the Time Derivative of the of Auroras	40
Khorosheva, O. V. Brightness of the Night Sky According to	47
Starkov, G. V., and Ya. I. Fel'dsheyn. Azimuths of Auroral Fel'dsheyn. Island	52
Fel'dshteyn, Ya. I. The Geographic Distribution of Auroral Area	56
Library of Congress	61
Card 3/3 JA/dw 11-	™/jw 6-61